# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY REC'D 17 MAY 2004



#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

			of Transmitted of International	
Applicant's or agent's file reference P30412A/GTO/BPU	FOR FURTHER ACT	ION See Notification Preliminary Ex	n of Transmittal of International amination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/EP 02/10692	International filing date (da. 24.09.2002	y/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 24.01.2002	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or bo	oth national classification and	IPC		
B24C11/00				
Applicant				
EXA SA et al.				
This international preliminary exa Authority and is transmitted to the	mination report has been applicant according to A	prepared by this Interticle 36.	ernational Preliminary Examining	
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 6 sheets, including this	s cover sheet.		
☐ This report is also accompa	ANNEXES in about of the description claims and/or drawings which have			
These annexes consist of a total	These annexes consist of a total of 2 sheets.			
3. This report contains indications r	elating to the following ite	ems:		
⊠ Basis of the opinion				
11 C Priority			at the december of the line	
		ovelty, inventive step	and industrial applicability	
IV ☐ Lack of unity of inver	ition	u to movethe	inventive step or industrial applicability:	
V A Reasoned statement citations and explana	Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement			
	VI			
VII   Certain defects in the				
VIII	VIII   Certain observations on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion o	f this report	
Date of submission of the demand				
29.07.2003		14.05.2004		
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:	onal	Authorized Officer	and Marie Potentales. E.	
——— European Patent Office		Zeckau, A	of the state of th	
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 52	3656 epmu d	Telephone No. +49	89 2399-2358	
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465		I relebilione rec. 140	<del></del>	

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ı.	Basis	of	the	геро	rt
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Des	cription, Pages				
	1-13		as originally filed			
	Clai	ms, Numbers				
	1-8		filed with telefax on 13.01.2004			
	Dra	wings, Sheets	•			
	1/1		as originally filed			
2.	With lang	n regard to the <b>langua</b> Juage in which the inte	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.			
	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		the language of a tra	nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).			
			ication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).			
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).				
3.	Witl inte	n regard to any <b>nucle</b> rnational preliminary e	otide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:			
		contained in the inter	rnational application in written form.			
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.			
		furnished subsequen	ntly to this Authority in written form.			
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
		in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.			
		The statement that the listing has been furnitude.	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.			
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:			
		the description,	pages:			
		the claims,	Nos.:			
		the drawings,	sheets:			

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5.	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).			le amendments had not been made, since they have led (Rule 70.2(c)).			
		(Any replacement sheet contain report.)	ning su	ıch amendm	ents must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this		
6.	Add	dditional observations, if necessary:					
III.	Nor	n-establishment of opinion wit	h rega	ard to novel	ty, inventive step and industrial applicability		
1.	The obv	questions whether the claimed ious), or to be industrially applicate	lestions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- s), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:				
		the entire international applicat	ion,				
	$\boxtimes$	claims Nos. 6-8					
		because:					
		the said international application not require an international pre	n, or t Iimina	he said claim ry examinatio	ns Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does on (specify):		
	⊠	the description, claims or drawings <i>(indicate particular elements below)</i> or said claims Nos. 6-8 are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed <i>(specify)</i> :					
		see separate sheet					
the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningfu could be formed.				ly supported by the description that no meaningful opinion			
		no international search report i	nas be	en establish	ed for the said claims Nos.		
<ol> <li>A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the ror amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Adminis Instructions:</li> </ol>				nnot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and and a provided for in Annex C of the Administrative			
		the written form has not been to	iurnish	ed or does n	ot comply with the Standard.		
		the computer readable form ha	as not	been furnish	ed or does not comply with the Standard.		
V	. Re	asoned statement under Artic ations and explanations supp	le 35() orting	2) with rega such stater	rd to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; nent		
1.	1. Statement						
	No	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2,4 1,3,5		
	Inv	Inventive step (IS)		Claims Claims	1-5		
	Inc	lustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-5		
2	. Cit	ations and explanations					

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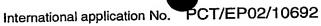
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see separate sheet

Claims 6 to 8 are unclear because the meaning of the expression "the Ad III.: process of the invention" is obscure.

- According to claim 1, the particles are dimensioned to effect a rolling Ad V.: movement. The application does, however, not specify any particular dimension of the particles which would lead to the rolling movement. mentioned in the claim. As it is not clear what particular dimension is meant in claim 1, the feature is not suitable for distinguishing the invention from the prior art.
  - Further, it appears from the description that it depends on the angle of incidence whether a rolling movement is achieved or not (see page 3, last paragraph), rather than the dimension of the particles. It is concluded therefore that in a prior art process, in which the angle of incidence is between 0° and 60°, a rolling movement of the particles occurs.
  - Furthermore, according to claim 1, the rolling of the particles has the effect that the particles rub and absorb the coating from the surface being cleaned. This effect merely describes a result to be achieved rather than a technical feature of the claimed process. So far as in prior art processes the process parameters and particle dimensions correspond to those defined in claim 1, or even those applied in the preferred embodiments presented in the description, it will be assumed that the effect mentioned before is inherent. It is noted in this context that a result to be achieved is not suitable for distinguishing an invention from the prior art.
  - In claim 1 a difference is made between the erasing agent (see lines 5 and 7/8) and the treating agent (see lines 14/15). This is misleading since the original application discloses only a single agent named "treating agent".

As to novelty of claim 1, US-A-3 767 791 (in the following: D3) discloses a process for treating a surface to remove a coating from the surface, the process being of the type which employs an treating agent comprising a plurality of particles, the process comprising the step of contacting the surface with the treating agent such that at least some of the particles roll along at least a portion of the surface, wherein an angle of incidence of the



particles and the surface is between 0° and 60°, wherein the particles are dimensioned to effect a rolling movement along the surface such that the particles rub and absorb the coating from the surface, wherein the treating agent is substantially non-aqueous and wherein the particles have an average maximum diameter of between 30 and 1000 microns (see col. 1 lines 13 -20, col. 2 lines 55-60 and Example 1).

Hence the process according to claim 1 is not novel.

It is noted that the process according to claim 1 is not considered to involve an inventive step in view of WO-A-0051787 (D10).

Having regard to D3, D10 and what is generally known, dependent claims 2 to 5 do not contain any additional features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step, the additional features of claims 3 and 5 being known from D3, those of claim 2 being matter of normal design procedure and those of claim 4 being known from D10.



## Druckexemplar

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1	Claims

2 . 1. A process for treating a surface to remove a 3 coating from the surface, the process being of the type which employs an erasing agent comprising a 5 plurality of particles, the process comprising the 6 step of contacting the surface with the erasing 7 agent such that at least some of the particles roll along at least a portion of the surface, wherein an 9 angle of incidence of the particles and the surface 1.0 is between 0° and 60°, wherein the particles are 11 dimensioned to effect a rolling movement along the 12 surface such that the particles rub and absorb the 13 coating from the surface, and wherein the treating agent is substantially non-aqueous, and wherein the 15

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2. A process as claimed in Claim 1 in which the particles comprise a precipitate or agglomerate of an insoluble alkali metal carbonate.

particles have an average maximum diameter of

between 30 and 1000 microns.

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3. A process as claimed in any preceding Claim in 23 which the particles are generally round. 24

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4. A process as claimed in any preceding Claim which 26 is a blasting operation. 27

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5. A process as claimed in any of Claims 1 to 3 29 which employs manual application of the treating 30 agent. 31

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- 6. The use of the process of the invention in dental applications such as teeth whitening, plaque removal and general cleaning or polishing of the teeth, buccal cavity and prosthetic parts such as crowns, bridges and complete or partial dentures.

  7. The use of the process of the invention in treating bone.
- 8. The use of the process of the invention to exfoliate skin.